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Address REGISTER, Ironton, Missouri.

## Iron County Register

BY ELI D. AKE.

OUR GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND TRUTH.

TERMS—\$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XIX.

IRONTON, MO., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1885.

NUMBER 5.

## JOB WORK.

The REGISTER's facilities for doing job work are unsurpassed in Southeast Missouri and we turn out the best of work, such as POSTERS, BILL-HEADS, LETTER-HEADS, STATEMENTS, Envelopes, Cards, Dodgers, BRIEFS, PAMPHLETS, ETC., AT LOW PRICES.

## Official Directory.

MARTIN L. CLARDY, M. C., Tenth District, Farmington.  
C. D. YANCEY, State Senator of 24th District, Piedmont.  
JNO. L. THOMAS, Judge 35th Circuit, De Soto.  
WILL R. EDGAR, Prosecuting Attorney, Ironton.  
THOS. G. FOLEY, Representative, Bellevue.  
A. W. HOLLOMAN, Presiding Judge, Arcadia.  
DAVID H. PALMER, Bellevue and J. G. CLARKSON, Arcadia, Associate Judges.  
FRANZ DINGER, Judge of Probate, Ironton.  
W. A. FLETCHER, Collector, Ironton.  
S. E. BUFORD, Sheriff, Ironton.  
JOSEPH HUFF, Clerk Circuit Court, Ironton.  
G. B. NALL, Clerk County Court, Ironton.  
W. H. WHITWORTH, Treasurer, Ironton.  
JNO. W. HARRIS, Assessor, Bellevue.  
JACOB T. AKE, Public Administrator, Ironton.  
J. GRANDHOMME, Coroner, Ironton.  
JNO. B. SCOTT, County School Commissioner for Iron County, Missouri, Ironton.

CIRCUIT COURT is held on the Fourth Monday in October and April.  
COUNTY COURT convenes on the First Monday of March, June, September and December.  
PROBATE COURT is held on the First Monday in February, May, August and November.

## Societies.

IRON LODGE No. 107, I. O. O. F. meets every Monday evening, at its Hall, in Ironton.  
PIERCE LODGE No. 330, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening, in Masonic Hall, Cross Roads.  
PILOT KNOL LODGE, No. 253, A. O. U. W. meets every Friday evening at Odd Fellows' Hall, Pilot Knob.  
IRONTON ENCAMPMENT No. 29, I. O. O. F. meets in the Odd-Fellows' Hall, Ironton, on the First and Third Thursdays of every month.  
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE No. 133, A. F. & A. M. meets in Masonic Hall, Ironton, on the Saturday of or preceding the full moon in each month.  
MOSAIC LODGE No. 351, A. F. & A. M. meets in the Masonic Hall, Ironton, on the Saturday of or preceding the full moon in each month.  
MIDIAN CHAPTER, No. 71, R. A. M., meets on the First and Third Tuesdays in every month, at 7 o'clock P. M., in the Masonic Hall, Ironton.  
EASTERN STAR LODGE, No. 62, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communication second Saturday in every month. All visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend. W. ARMS, W. M.  
J. W. JACKSON, Sec'y.

VALLEY LODGE, No. 1870, KNIGHTS OF HONOR, meet alternate Wednesdays, 7 o'clock, in F. Hall, Ironton, on the 13th and 27th; March 12th and 26th; April 9th and 23rd.  
W. W. NALL, Reporter.

## Iron Mountain Directory.

IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 430, A. F. & A. M., meets Saturday night, on or after the full moon.  
J. A. PARKER, Sec'y.  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 290, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday night of each week.  
C. JOHNSON, Sec'y. J. A. PARKER, W. M.  
IRON MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 293, A. O. U. W., meets first and third Friday night of each month.  
LOUIS PETIT, M. W.  
M. W. SMITH, Recorder.

## Churches.

Services in the Presbyterian Church every Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday at 7 o'clock. A. O. PENNINGMAN, Pastor.  
M. E. CHURCH, Cor. Reynolds and Mountain Streets, Ironton. Services, Second and Fourth Sundays in each month. Sabbath School every Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock.  
First Mass and Sermon at Arcadia College every Sunday at 8 o'clock A. M. Vespers and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 5 o'clock P. M. Mass and Sermon at Pilot Knob, Catholic Church at 10:30 o'clock A. M. Sunday School for children at 1:30 o'clock P. M.

A. HAYDEN SAWYER,  
Physician & Surgeon.  
PILOT KNOL, MO.  
Calls promptly attended day or night.

FRANZ DINGER,  
Attorney at Law and Notary Public,  
Real Estate Agent,  
AND Agent for the Mutual Life and Home Fire Insurance Companies of New York, and the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.  
IRONTON, : : : MISSOURI.

J. T. AKE,  
Attorney at Law  
IRONTON, MO.

Will Collect your Bills, make Deeds and Mortgages, Leases and Contracts, Insure your property, make Abstracts of Title, Pay Taxes, and see your lands properly assessed. Persons requiring services in the above lines will have prompt attention at reasonable figures.  
Office in REGISTER building.

BERNARD ZWART,  
Attorney at Law,  
Ironton, Missouri.

Will attend to collections, generally, and also to the payment of taxes, and to all claims against the U. S. Government.

J. W. EMERSON,  
Late Judge 15th Circuit,  
Attorney at Law,  
Ironton, Missouri,  
PRACTICES in all the courts of the State. Strict and prompt attention to all business.

J. B. WALKER,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
IRONTON, MO.

Will practice in the various Courts, and attend promptly to all local business entrusted to his care. Office in Academy of Music.

Mark Canmann,  
—WITH—  
CHARLES REBSTOCK & CO.

Distillers and Whiskey Merchants,  
230 S. Main Street,  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

DR. A. S. PRINCE,  
DENTIST,  
Ironton, Missouri.

RENDERS his professional services to the people of this section. He will be found at all times at his office, and will give prompt attention to the demands of his patrons.

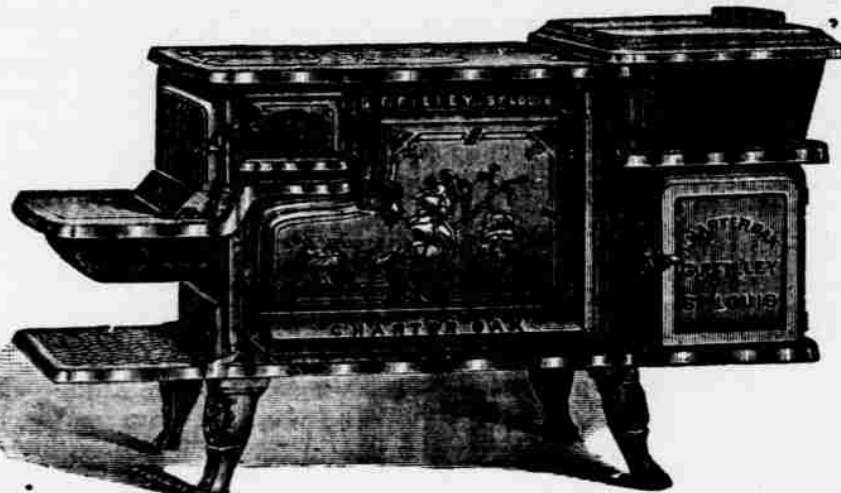
J. C. REED,  
Attorney at Law,  
Des Arc, Missouri.

Will practice in all the courts of Southeast Missouri and in the Supreme Court of the State.

If you want a first-class Turn-Out and Trusty Driver, go to  
COLLINS & STAFFORD'S  
Livery Stable, Ironton.

J. N. BISHOP,  
PROPRIETOR  
Hardware Store.

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Tinware, Furniture,  
—AND—  
HOUSE-FURNISHINGGOODS, ALL KINDS,  
Agricultural Implements,  
CUTLERY REVOLVERS, WOODENWARE,  
NOTIONS, ETC.

## ROOFING AND GUTTERING

Promptly Done, at Reasonable Rates.

Store and Shop South Side of Court  
House Square, Ironton.S. G. & W. G. FAIRCHILD'S STORE,  
IRONTON, MISSOURI.

IS THE PLACE TO BUY

FRESH, PURE FAMILY GROCERIES,  
AT THE CHEAPEST PRICES.Fresh Roasted Rio Pure Teas, Cocoa,  
and Java Coffees, ON HAND, and Chocolate.Fresh Crackers of Every Kind,  
CANNED MEATS, FISH AND FRUITS.

In short, all the Good Things a Family requires. We have exclusive sale of

## OAKES' HOME-MADE CANDIES

AND OUR ASSORTMENT IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

WE ALSO OFFER BARGAINS IN

Dry Goods, Notions, Laces, Hats & Caps, Queensware, Tinware, Etc., Etc.  
Prompt Attention Given to All Orders, and

Free Delivery to Any Part of the Valley.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bought and Sold at Market Rates

A. BEGLEY. J. GRANDHOMME.  
BEGLEY & GRANDHOMME,  
UNDERTAKERS,  
Ironton, Missouri.Will keep a full line of Undertakers' Goods on hand;  
can fill orders at Ten Minutes' Notice.

Will Furnish When Desired.

Our Undertaking Shop is on South Side of  
C-H. Sq. BEGLEY & GRANDHOMME.Crisp's Drug Store,  
Ironton, Missouri,Is now open for business, and with a  
full stock of

## Pure Drugs &amp; Medicines,

Perfumeries, Fancy Notions, Etc.,

Is prepared to fill orders and prescriptions in the most careful manner and promptly.

Store in Remodeled Building, Corner Main and Reynolds Streets.

AYER'S  
Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Itches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.  
"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years."  
Durham, La., March 2, 1882.  
W. M. MOORE.

PREPARED BY  
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles for \$5.

SODA

Best in the World.

Order of Publication.

In the Circuit Court of Iron County, Mo., in vacation—Aug 1st, 1885.  
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Wm. A. Fletcher, Collector of the Revenue of Iron County, Mo.,  
against  
N. Biedinger, Rhy & Johnson, and all unknown interested parties.  
(Action to Enforce Payment of Taxes.)  
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, Wm. A. Fletcher, collector of the revenue of Iron County, Missouri, and files his petition and affidavit, setting forth among other things that the defendants, John Van Iles and all unknown interested parties, are non-residents of the State of Missouri and cannot be summoned in this court by the ordinary process of law; it is, therefore, ordered by the Clerk of the Circuit Court, in vacation, that publication of this action be commenced against them in the Circuit Court of said county, in vacation, by the plaintiff, Wm. A. Fletcher, and that he cause to be published in the Iron County Register, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Iron and State of Missouri, belonging to said defendants, to wit: The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 15, township 34, range two east.

(An itemized statement in the nature of a tax bill, showing the amount of taxes now due on said real estate, for the years aforesaid, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$477.15, is filed with this petition, and the same is to be taken and appear at the next term of said court, to be held for the purpose of enforcing the lien of the State of Missouri for back taxes for the years 1878 to 1884 inclusive, on the following real estate situated in Iron County, Mo., belonging to said defendants, to wit: The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 15, township 34, range two east.

A true copy.  
Attest, with seal, this 1st day of August, 1885.  
JOS. HUFF, Clerk  
Iron County Circuit Court.

## Order of Publication.

In the Circuit Court of Iron County, Missouri, in vacation—Aug 1st, 1885.  
The State of Missouri at the relation and to the use of Wm. A. Fletcher, Collector of the Revenue of Iron County, Mo.,  
against  
Theophilus Steele, Carroll B. Inman, Delilah McCall and all unknown interested parties.

(Action to Enforce Payment of Taxes.)  
Now at this day comes the plaintiff, Wm. A. Fletcher, collector of the revenue of Iron County, Missouri, and files his petition and affidavit, setting forth among other things that the defendants are non-residents of the State of Missouri and cannot be summoned in this court by the ordinary process of law; it is, therefore, ordered by the clerk of the circuit court of Iron County, Missouri, in vacation, that publication be made, notifying said defendants that an action has been commenced against them in the circuit court of said county, the object and nature of which is to enforce the lien of the State of Missouri for back taxes for the years 1880 to 1884, inclusive, on the following real estate situated in Iron County, Missouri, belonging to said defendants, to wit:

The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter and the north half of the northeast quarter of section 33, township 33, range four east.

(An itemized statement in the nature of a tax bill showing the amount of taxes now due on said real estate aforesaid, amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$13.05, is filed with said petition as provided by law.) And unless they appear in this court, at the next term of said court, to be held for the county of Iron, and State of Missouri, at the court-house in said county on the fourth Monday of October, next (1885), and on or before the sixth day thereof (if the term shall so long continue; and if not, before the end of the term), and plead, answer or demur to said plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken as confessed, judgment rendered in accordance with the prayer of said petition, and said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs, be sold under a special fort facie to be issued thereon.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the IRON COUNTY REGISTER, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Iron, and State of Missouri.  
A true copy.  
Attest, with seal, this 1st day of August, 1885.  
JOS. HUFF, Clerk  
Iron County Circuit Court.

## Bee-Reaved.

Out in the orchard Cupid hid  
Among the apple blooms;  
He watched my Tom and me, he did,  
As ghouls watch at the tombs.  
We met, as he supposed he would,  
And there, beneath a tree,  
Because there's was no vacant chair,  
I sat upon Tom's knee.  
Cupid examined well his darts,  
At once his bow he drew,  
And would have shot through both our hearts  
An arrow bright and new;  
But a bad bee forsook his flower,  
And lit on Tom's thin clothes;  
In less than one-fourth of an hour  
He painfully arose,  
And left the apple blooms and me,  
And for ammonia went—  
I lived an old maid, just because  
That arrow was not sent.

## Religion in the West End of Iron County.

The readers of the REGISTER were told some time ago that Rev. Warren was about to organize a Methodist church on the Middle Fork. The time fixed for the organization passed, and its occurrence is problematical. Individually, which is a disposition in everybody to keep away from everybody else, will make it difficult to hold old congregations together, and still more so to form new ones.

It will probably be safe to regard the organization above referred to as indefinitely postponed.  
The strongest religious organization in this region is the United Baptist church at Goodland. The church house originally stood on a hill, and the congregation was called Mount Pleasant. It still retains that name, although the church is located near the creek. Mainly by the exertions of the Adams family a small house of worship was built. Although the writer has preached among them a great deal, and knows personally almost every member of the congregation, yet he has not been able to discover why they are called UNITED BAPTISTS, or what particular streak of the Baptist faith they represent.

Much of our sectarianism is like the Schleswig-Holstein question, which forty years ago produced a short ripple on European politics.  
A diplomat was asked what that question was and answered, "There never were but two men in Europe who completely understood that question, another man and myself. The other man is dead, and I have forgotten all about it." Much of our sectarianism arose originally from personal pique and spite, as the New England States are all small because no two of the Pilgrim bosses could agree together. The United Baptists are inflexible in demanding baptism by immersion in order to membership in their church. But in regard to the Lord's Supper they hold that the expression. Let a man examine himself and so let him eat of that bread and drink of that cup, as making each man a judge of his own fitness to commune. Your correspondent has never communed with them in the bread and wine. Although he is not an advocate of what is called close communion, he regards that as too open.

From the commencement of the history of the church the ministry has vested almost entirely in the Adams family. There are now about eighty members in connection with the congregation. The fourth Sabbath of July and Saturday preceding is the time of their annual meeting, and is the time for a religious and social reunion of all the members.  
On the present occasion, on Saturday, thirty persons assembled at the church. After singing, led by Elder John R. Adams, Rev. James Bowen led in prayer, and Rev. Morris Adams announced as his text, Romans 3, 22: For there is no difference. He showed at considerable length that God saves all men in the same way and on the same terms. He was followed by Elder John R. Adams in a good exhortation to Christian activity.

A business meeting was held in which it was ordered that Elder John R. Adams preach at night on Feet-Washing, and that that ordinance be attended to.  
No new members were received.  
Your correspondent did not attend at night.  
On Sabbath morning about one hundred and fifty persons assembled. Services were opened by singing, followed by prayer offered by Elder J. R. Adams, and then a discourse by Rev. James Bowen, followed by an exhortation by Rev. Morris Adams. Then the minister in charge stated the doctrine of the church on the Communion of Saints.

After a short recess the Supper was observed and the meeting was dismissed.  
The audience was orderly throughout.  
Our United Baptist brethren are going in the right direction and your correspondent wishes to aid them in every good work.

Their church organization is very simple, and the Central Missouri Association is composed of men who meet for business and attend to whatever comes before them in a prompt, dignified, and decorous manner.

The house at Mount Pleasant is open for the use of ministers of other sects. The Campbellites occupy it occasionally. There are two schools in that church, which as is usual in such cases, are not deeply in love with each other. The one is represented by Rev. J. B. Worsham, and the other by Rev. Rowland Williams.

According to the best light in the case, Rev. Worsham is a Christian and Rev. Williams is a Campbellite.  
A Methodist minister named Huddleston comes once in a while and drops a good many hard facts into the path of events. These facts, whilst they are stumbling blocks in the way of Reaction, are stepping stones for Progress.

To sum up. In this region the following sects are represented: United Baptists, Missionary Baptists, Campbellites, Methodists, and two families of Roman Catholics who are not excelled by any for intelligence and good order. To these a large class must be added who are not attached to any sect. This last named element seems for the most part to have entrenched itself on the heads of the streams and on the ridges. It is strange to notice how the same principles govern resistance to invasion of all kinds. The billy parts of a country are always the last to yield.  
THOMAS CALAHAN.  
July 27th, 1885.

## A Letter From "Farmer."

Several weeks ago, after having been called out in public, a gentleman, who is a professor in one of our colleges, came to congratulate me and to endorse what I had said; and also said he had something he wished me to read—a lecture, by Henry George, upon the crime of being a poor man. As I had intended to reply to the sermon of Rev. Mr. Penniman, as noted by one of your correspondents, I waited for the lecture till now, but not having received it, and having sent that copy of the REGISTER to Prof. Penniman, of Woodburn, Ill., I must defer this subject to some future time. It would be pertinent now, however, to observe what few remarks; and that is, that the very conditions that produce rich men are the same that produce criminals. Now this is not saying that rich men are criminals, or that we should have no criminals if we had no rich men, but that the same causes that make one make the other. The fault is with society rather than with individuals. Make government something better than a cunningly devised scheme of robbery, let every regulation affecting the distribution of wealth be just, and no man could get so rich that he could eat his cake and keep it at the same time, or live and yet gain without spending his principal or working himself. All might have plenty, but none could be rich.

Tournaments and picnics are the order of the day, with always plenty of bucksters, to work the crowd for all it is worth. To illustrate the free spirit that more and more prevades society let me notice a picnic given by the Roman Catholic church in this parish on the 30th of July. First, a lay member gave a welcoming address; a priest spoke, and was materialist enough to observe that the way to a man's heart was through his stomach; then followed the three invited speakers, only one being a member of any church, and he a Protestant. First, your correspondent went with a topic especially chosen to demonstrate that man's moral and mental nature grew out of his material conditions with little or no regard to creeds, or forms of faith, or spiritual teaching; a Doctor took "Evolution" for a topic; and a lawyer gave the sauce for the serious discourse. You see the day has come when sectarianism, and religious intolerance, must be thrown aside, just as we have already thrown aside our wooden mould-board plows, and hand sickles.

We have just passed through a spell of hot, dry weather in which pastures and growing crops suffered from drought; but to-day a great change seems to have set in; it has turned almost cold enough for a fire, and a drizzle from the northwest set in.

Wheat has proved almost a complete failure and with what was cut, and what was held over from last year, there will be a reasonable quantity for seed, but none for bread, if anything like the acreage of last year is sown. Corn is late but promises well. Potatoes, for late crop, have been stripped of their leaves and flowers by the black beetle with whitestripes, which, though present every year, has done no damage for nearly forty years until this season. The mouse pest disappeared after the last severe winter, and the rat pest seems to be lessening; but in consequence of these animals having been so numerous, minks and weasels increased, by their means of substance increased, and now the good household finds from one to one hundred dead chickens in the hen house in the morning.

Business in our towns is reported very dull and likely to remain so, as there is nothing short of foreign war that can revive it. If we could get a few hundred thousand lives, and some thousands of millions of other peoples' property destroyed, we might get something to do in replacing the property, and, according to the Malthusian theory, this thinning out of humanity

would be a good thing; but as things go, we have preyed upon one another till the thing is getting monotonous, and we must get an opportunity of preying upon somebody else.  
Grant is dead and we shall now have an exhibition of snobbery that would shame any other nation. The writer knew Grant, respected him, defended him while living; but shall refuse to make a denig of him when dead. Grant did not crush the rebellion; he was a good soldier; but if he was a statesman he forgot to show it.  
FARMER.  
MURRAYVILLE, Ill., Aug. 3d, 1885.

## The Postmaster at Indianapolis.

One result of the investigation of Mr. Aquilla Jones, Postmaster at Indianapolis, which the President ordered on certain charges preferred by so-called civil service reformers, is to expose the manner in which the Indianapolis patronage was appropriated by the Republicans.  
There are over eighty clerks and other persons employed in that Post Office and in its outdoor work. When Mr. Jones took possession he found only one Democratic voter in the whole number of employees. His Republican predecessor had proscribed Democrats. He had put a brand of exclusion upon them, following the rule in the departments at Washington and in all the principal and the inferior offices throughout the country, which proclaimed in principle that none but Republicans should be put on guard. This proscription had been in practice for nearly a quarter of a century.

Mr. Jones has made about twenty changes in his office, or one-fourth of the whole force. He has given these places, very properly and naturally, to Democrats who are capable and deserving, and who heretofore have had no chance of recognition.  
The accusers of Mr. Jones evidently did not understand the law for an alleged violation of which they arranged him. He dismissed two subordinates for sufficient cause in his own view, but without making any charges against them. The reformers complain that these dismissals were an offence against the Civil Service act, which the President ought to punish.  
They were ignorant that the power of removal is untouched by the act, which concerns itself simply with the modes of appointment in certain cases. Therefore, the complaint, which was the foundation of the attack on Postmaster Jones is wholly absurd.

This case illustrates the methods of a set of politicians who, wearing the mask of reform are striving to give life to an army of Republican officeholders, and to shut out Democrats from the public honors and trusts which five millions of voters decided they should have.  
The charges against Mr. Jones have fallen to the ground. They never had any sufficient basis.—N. Y. Sun.

One of the oldest uses made of General Grant's death is perhaps the Tribune's proposition that the Republicans of New York "will honor his memory most truly by rededicating themselves to the unselfish service of the Republican party." It is hardly possible to discover a more solemn nomination than General Grant's career in civil life, to be very careful how we "rededicate" ourselves to any party. There could be no better reminder that a party is not a church or a religious organization of any kind charged with the custody of a body of truth. It is an instrument created every now and then by free people for the purpose of doing what seems to be the wants of the time, with appropriate legislation. It has no more claim than a horse and buggy on anybody's reverence for other things than its utility. "Dedicating" one's self to it, without regard to the quality of the men who manage it, or the uses to which it is put, is not rational. Parties being made up of frail and erring mortals like ourselves, it is hardly possible to make a party a more sacred thing than a horse and buggy, because we might find, and just now should find, that we were dedicating ourselves to Jim Blaine, and Steve Elkins, and Pow Clayton, and Jay Hubbell, and Bill Chandler, and Johnny O'Brien, and Jake Hess, and Barney Biglin—and Mr. George F. Hoar, whom we are loth to put in such company, but he insists upon it. In a general way, Grant's career furnishes people either young or old with a lesson in politics, it is a warning against blind devotion to party, against dedicating one's self to anything but the good of the country. The flaws in his political career, which every one is now lamenting, and the absence of which would have given him a place in the admiration as well as the esteem of the world such as no man since Washington has enjoyed, were due simply to the fact that the Republican party was so strong that it did not need to be good, and that so many people had dedicated themselves to it without regard to the kind of work it was doing.—The Nation.

## IMPORTANT.

When you visit or leave New York City, save Baggage Express and Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.  
Elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, reduced to \$1.00 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages and elevated railroad all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

## If You Want

A home from which a living can be made, and within fifteen minutes' walk of Arcadia College, where your children can be educated, and near enough to hear every church bell in the Valley, call on the undersigned. The place contains 120 acres of land, good fruit, good water, fair buildings and out houses. Any person desirous of a pleasant, healthy place to spend the summer, and eat his own fruit and vegetables, will find this place just what he wants. Will be sold cheap, and possession given at once.

Also, 160 acres one and one-half mile from Des Arc, on the I. M. & R. R. 35 acres in cultivation, good house, fine springs of never-failing water, and land deposits that only want capital to develop. Cheap.  
J. T. AKE.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. I